

Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Autumn 1							

- Key Skills**
- *Tell somebody how I am feeling.
 - *Ask a person how they are feeling.
 - *Count from 1-20 in Spanish.
 - *Tell somebody my name.
 - *Ask somebody their name.
 - *Tell somebody my age.
 - *Ask somebody their age.
 - *Tell somebody where I live.
 - *Ask somebody where they live.
 - *Tell somebody where I am from.

Sticky Knowledge

Culture:
Approximately 21 countries around the world have Spanish as their first language – this is why it is such a useful language to learn!

New phrases:
Repeating phrases a lot of times helps you to remember. Try asking your friends and family at home questions you have learned in Spanish.



Subject Specific Vocabulary

Hola, ¿cómo estás? = Hello, how are you? Estoy bien = I am fine Estoy mal = I am not very well Mas o menos or así, así = So, so! ¡Adiós! = Goodbye diez = ten once = eleven doce = twelve trece = thirteen catorce = fourteen quince = fifteen dieciséis = sixteen diecisiete = seventeen dieciocho = eighteen diecinueve = nineteen veinte = twenty

¿Cómo te llamas? = What is your name? Me llamo... = My name is...
 ¿Cuántos años tienes? = How old are you? Tengo ... años = I am ... years old
 ¿Dónde vives? = Where do you live? Vivo en... = I live in ...



¿Cómo te llamas?

¿Cómo estás?

¿Cuántos años tienes?

- Asking questions:**
- What do you remember about Spain from last year?
 - Have you been to Spain?
 - Which continent is Spain in?
 - Do you know anything about Spain?
 - Do you know the capital or any other cities?

Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Autumn 2							

Key Skills

- *Read and repeat all twelve months of the year with good pronunciation from memory
- *Spell at least five months of the year accurately
- *Say what the date is today and ask what the date is
- *Say when my birthday is
- *Ask when somebody's birthday is

Sticky Knowledge

Capital letters:

Interestingly, months of the year in Spanish are written with a lower case letter.

Asking questions:

Can you work out which month is which just by looking at the Spanish?



Subject Specific Vocabulary

enero = January febrero = February marzo = March abril = April mayo = May junio = June julio = July agosto = August septiembre = September octubre = October noviembre = November diciembre = December

¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños? (When is your birthday?) and how to answer it with Mi cumpleaños es el... de = of

Jan 1st Año Nuevo (New Year's Day) Jan 6th El día de los Reyes Magos (12th night, when Christmas presents are given again in Spain) Mar 19th San José (Father's Day) Variable Viernes Santo (Good Friday) Variable Día de Pascua (Easter Sunday) May 1st Día del Trabajo (Labour Day) Jun 24th San Juan (St. John's Day) Variable (mid June) Corpus Christi Jun 29th San Pedro y San Pablo (St. Peter & St. Paul) Jul 25th Santiago (St. James, patron saint of Spain) Aug 15th Asunción (Assumption) Oct 12th Día de la Hispanidad (Columbus Day) Nov 1st El día de todos los santos (All Saints Day) Dec 6th Día de la Constitución (Constitution Day) Dec 8th Inmaculada Concepción (Immaculate Conception) Dec 24th Noche Buena (Christmas Eve) Dec 25th Navidad (Christmas Day) Dec 31st Noche Vieja (New Year's Eve)



Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Spring 1							

Key Skills

- *Remember at least five phrases for the weather.
- *Translate Spanish weather phrases correctly into English
- *Ask what the weather is like today.
- *Say what the weather is like today.
- *Describe what the weather is like in Spain by reading a Spanish weather map.

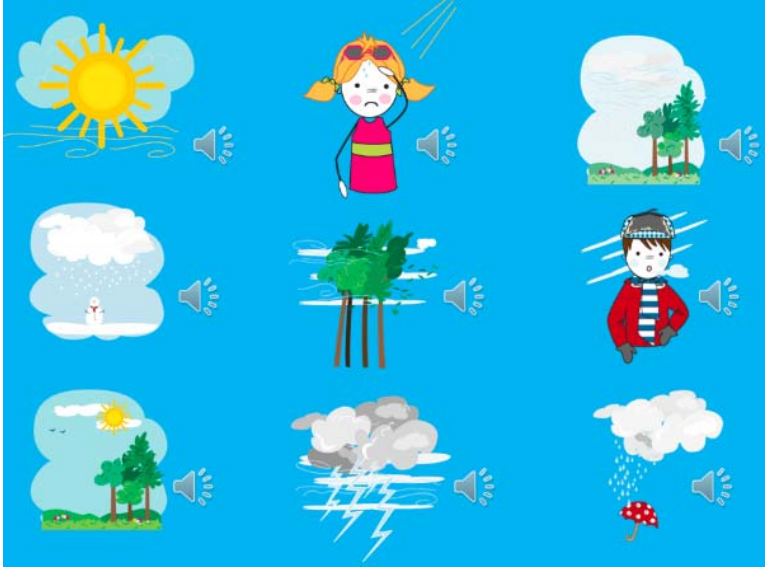
Sticky Knowledge
Learn the phrases, not just the words:
 When learning the weather, remember to say the Spanish words for 'it is' eg: esta, hay and hace. It will make it easier to learn the phrase rather than just 'sun' or 'rain'

LITERACY ALERT!

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Está lloviendo = it is raining Está nevando = it is snowing Hay tormenta = there is a storm Hace sol = it is sunny
 Hace mucho viento = it is windy Hace buen tiempo = the weather is fine Hace mal tiempo = the weather is not good
 Hace frío = it is cold Hace calor = it is hot

En el norte de España = in the north of Spain En el sur de España = in the south of Spain
 En el centro de España = in the centre of Spain En el oeste de España = in the west of Spain En el este de España = in the east of Spain



Asking questions:
 Can you practise Spanish orders with your family and friends?



Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Spring 2							

Key Skills

- * Repeat from memory at least ten items of clothing.
- Say the correct word for "a" in Spanish for items of clothing.
- Say the verb "PONERSE" in Spanish using all the different forms.
- Say what I am wearing today.
- Say what my friend next to me is wearing.
- Say what I wear in different weather or for school.

Sticky Knowledge

New vocabulary:
There are lots of new words in this half term – repeat, repeat, repeat! Use the words at home and at school and teach others the words – this will help you remember.

LITERACY ALERT!

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Unos pantalones = a pair of trousers Un traje de baño = swim wear Un suéter = a jumper
 Una camiseta = a tee shirt Un abrigo = a coat Unos pantalones cortos = a pair of shorts Un vestido = a dress Una corbata = a tie Una bufanda = a scarf Una falda = a skirt Una chaqueta = a jacket Una camisa = a shirt Una gorra = a cap Los tacones = a pair of high heeled shoes Los guantes = a pair of gloves Unit - La Ropa | Page 4 Las botas = boots Las medias = socks / tights Las sandalias = sandals Las gafas = sunglasses Una blusa = a blouse Los zapatos = a pair of shoes Los calcetines = a pair of socks. Yo me pongo = I put on Tú te pones = you put on Él se pone = he puts on Ella se pone = she puts on Nosotros nos ponemos = we put on (masculine & mixed group) Nosotras nos ponemos = we put on (all feminine group) Vosotros os ponéis = you all put on (masculine & mixed) Vosotras os ponéis = you all put on (feminine) Ellos se ponen = they all put on (masculine & mixed) Ellas se ponen = they all put on (feminine)



Asking questions:
What are your favourite clothes to wear? What colour are they? Can you practise saying them in Spanish?



Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Summer 1							

Key Skills

- * Use listening skills to recall some of the key facts from the history of the ancient Olympics.
- * Recall and repeat some of the key facts connected to the modern Olympics.
- * Name and spell from memory at least three of the current events in the Olympics.
- * Recognise and start to conjugate the verb PRACTICAR accurately.
- * Speak as an Olympian about which sport you do.

LITERACY ALERT!

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Las Olimpiadas the Olympics Practico el triatlón I do the triathlon Es boxeadora She is a boxer Los juegos olímpicos antiguos The ancient Olympic Games Practico el remo I do rowing Es nadador He is a swimmer Los juegos olímpicos modernos The modern Olympic Games Practico la equitación I do horseriding Es nadadora She is a swimmer La equitación Horse riding Practico la esgrima I do fencing Es saltador He is a diver La esgrima Fencing Practico la natación I do swimming Es saltadora She is a diver La natación Swimming No practico el atletismo I don't do athletics Es esgrimidor He is a fencer El remo Rowing No practico el boxeo I don't do boxing Es esgrimidora She is a fencer El atletismo Athletics No practico el salto de trampolín I don't do diving Es arquero He is an archer El boxeo Boxing No practico el ciclismo I don't do cycling Es arquera She is an archer El ciclismo Cycling No practico el tiro con arco I don't do archery Es remero He is a rower El salto de trampolín Diving No practico el triatlón I don't do the triathlon Es remera She is a rower El tiro con arco Archery No practico el remo I don't do rowing Yo practico I play/do (a sport) El triatlón Triathlon No practico la equitación I don't do horseriding Tú practicas You (one person) play/do (a sport) El remo Rowing No practico la esgrima I don't do fencing Él practica He play/does (a sport) Practicar To practise No practico la natación I don't do swimming Ella practica She plays/does (a sport) Practico el atletismo I do athletics Es atleta He/she is an athlete (no spelling change for masculine and feminine) Nosotros practicamos We play/do (a sport) Practico el boxeo I do boxing Es ciclista He/she is a cyclist (no spelling change for masculine and feminine) Vosotros practicáis You (more than one person) play/do (a sport) Practico el salto de trampolín I do diving Es jinete He/she is an equestrian (no spelling change for masculine and feminine) Ellos practican They (group of males or mixed gender group) play/do (a sport) Practico el ciclismo I do cycling Es boxeador He is a boxer Ellas practican They (group of females) play/do (a sport) Practico el tiro con arco I do archery



Asking questions:
 What do you remember about the Ancient Olympics?
 What is different about them and the modern day Olympics?

Sticky Knowledge
Word recognition:
 Look carefully at the words, highlight familiar words – words you think you might know and circle the tricky words – can you work them out from words around them?



Learning Objective	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Summer 2							

Key Skills

- *Repeat from memory all the school subjects learned in class.
- *Say what subjects you like and dislike at school.
- *Say the (hourly) time of school subjects.
- *Say what subjects there are at school today.
- *Say what time you go to school.



Sticky Knowledge
El / los / la / las:

Remember to use 'the' correctly:
 EL is for singular masculine nouns. □
 LOS for masculine plural nouns. □
 LA is for feminine singular nouns □
 LAS for feminine plural nouns.

Asking questions:

What is your favourite subject?
 Your least favourite subject? Ask your friends too.



Subject Specific Vocabulary

El español = Spanish El inglés = English El arte = art La educación física = P.E. La música = music La geografía = geography La informática = ICT La historia = history Las matemáticas = maths Las ciencias = science

¿ Qué te gusta ? = What do you like? ¿ Te gusta... ? / ¿ Te gustan... ? * = Do you like...? Me gusta... / Me gustan... * = I like... Me encanta... / Me encantan... * = I love... No me gusta... / No me gustan... * = I do not like... Odio = I hate... Sí, me gusta... / Sí, me gustan... ** = Yes, I like... Sí, me encanta... / Sí, me encantan... ** = Yes, I love... No, no me gusta... / No, no me gustan... ** = No, I do not like... No, odio ** = No, I hate... Aburrido = Boring Difícil = Difficult Útil = Useful

Unit - En El Colegio | Page 9
 Interesante = Interesting Divertido = Fun Fácil = Easy Inútil = Pointless
 Porque = Because Es = It is Porque es... = Because it is... Porque son... = Because they are... Y = And Pero = But ¿Qué hora es? = what time is it? Es la una = it is one o'clock Son las dos = it is two o'clock Son las tres = it is three o'clock Son las cuatro = it is four o'clock Son las cinco = it is five o'clock Son las seis = it is six o'clock Son las siete = it is seven o'clock Son las ocho = it is eight o'clock Son las nueve = it is nine o'clock Son las diez = it is ten o'clock Son las once = it is eleven o'clock Son las doce = it is twelve o'clock Es medianoche = it is midnight Es mediodía = it is midday

